103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1530

To amend the National Labor Relations Act to require Federal contracts debarment for persons who violate labor relations provisions, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 7 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 27), 1993

Mr. Simon introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources

A BILL

To amend the National Labor Relations Act to require Federal contracts debarment for persons who violate labor relations provisions, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Contracts De-
- 5 barment Act of 1993".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEBARMENT.
- 7 The National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 151
- 8 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following
- 9 new section:

1	"FEDERAL CONTRACTS DEBARMENT
2	"SEC. 20. (a) Any person or entity that, with a clear
3	pattern and practice, violates the provisions of this Act
4	shall be ineligible for all Federal contracts for a period
5	of three years.
6	"(b) The Secretary of Labor shall promulgate regula-
7	tions regarding debarment provisions and procedures
8	Such regulations shall require that any Federal contract-
9	ing agency shall refrain from entering into further con-
10	tracts, or extensions, or other modifications of existing
11	contracts with any person or entity described in subsection
12	(a) during the three-year period immediately following a
13	determination by the Secretary that such person or entity
14	is in violation (as described in subsection (a)) of this Act
15	"(c) A debarment may be removed, or the period of
16	debarment may be reduced, by the Secretary of Labor
17	upon the submission of an application to the Secretary
18	that is supported by documentary evidence and that sets
19	forth appropriate grounds for the granting of the debar-
20	ment removal or reduction, including compliance with the
21	final orders found to have been willfully violated, bona fide
22	change of ownership or management, or a fraud or mis-

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23 representation of the charging party.".